

United States Patent and Trademark Office

Kh.)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/939,592	08/28/2001	Yoshio Komaki	018656-243	3266
7590 11/01/2005			EXAMINER	
Platon N. Mandros			CHOOBIN, BARRY	
Burns, Doane, Swecker & Mathis, L.L.P.				
P.O. Box 1404			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Alexandria, VA 22313-1404			2623	
			DATE MAILED: 11/01/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/939,592	KOMAKI, YOSHIO			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Barry Choobin	2623			
The MAILING DATE of Period for Reply	this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, F - Extensions of time may be available ur after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing - If NO period for reply is specified above - Failure to reply within the set or extend	ROM THE MAILING DA der the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 g date of this communication. e, the maximum statutory period w ed period for reply will, by statute, nan three months after the mailing	IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (16) In no event, however, may a reply be the course the application to become ABANDONE date of this communication, even if timely file	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
_	nication(s) filed on 09 Se	eptember 2005.				
2a) This action is FINAL .						
<u> </u>						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10 and 12-1</u> 4a) Of the above claim(5) □ Claim(s) is/are a 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,6-13 and 14</u> 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>4,5 and 14</u> is/a 8) □ Claim(s) are sub	s) is/are withdrav illowed. <u>15-19</u> is/are rejected. are objected to.	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers						
·	ected to by the Examine	•				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)		_				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-8 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Dra		4) ☐ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D				
 Notice of Draπsperson's Patent Dra 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s Paper No(s)/Mail Date 			Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Application/Control Number: 09/939,592

Art Unit: 2623

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-3, 6-10 and 12 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-3, 6-10 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sekine et al (US 6,049,354) in view of White et al (US 5,721,427).

As to claims 1, 7, 9, 10, 12 and 13, Sekine et al disclose a motion image processor, comprising: an acquiring portion for acquiring scene change information indicating a scene change in a motion image (fig.5); and a determining portion for selecting, when the scene change information is acquired, a correction process for the motion image until next scene change information is acquired (fig.5).

Sekine et al dos not expressly disclose a selection for selecting one of plurality of corrections processes.

White et al disclose a scene base non uniformity correction processor incorporating motion triggering comprising a triggering circuit which selectively enables the scene based non-uniformity correction circuit to update the current scene based no

uniformity correction terms in response to a motion signal from a motion detector (column 2, lines 20-26).

White et al and Sekine et al are combinable because they both deal with the image scene change and correction base on the image scene change.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify or incorporate the Sekine et al with the White et al processor in order to reduce the noise and reduce image degradation (column 1, lines 50-57).

The motivation for doing so would have been to overcome the need for a system that continually corrects for focal plan array no uniformities as required by changing condition.

As to claim 2, Sekine et al disclose the motion image processor as claimed in claim 1 (see claim 1 above), further comprising a corrector for correcting the motion image in accordance with the correction process until the next scene change information is acquired (fig.5).

As to claims 3, 6 and 8, Whiten et al disclose the method of claim 1 (see claim 1 above), further comprising storage for storing a plurality of correction processes beforehand (correction terms 56 are previously stored).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

Application/Control Number: 09/939,592

Art Unit: 2623

invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 15-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sekine et al and White et al as applied to claims 1, 7, 9 and 12 above, and further in view of Prentice et al (US Pub 2003/0030729).

As to claims 15-19, Sekine et al and White et al fail to disclose correction process that corrects the image in terms of at least one of tone, hue, chroma, brightness and contrast.

Prentice et al disclose a Dual mode imaging and camera system comprising a motion image processing path in which a correction is perfumed using values fro brightness, contrast, hue and white balance correction (fig. 7).

Prentice et al is combinable with Sekine and White because they are concern about image correction in motion.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the system of Prentice et al with Sekine et al and White et al in order to allow for optimization of the processing in separate modes.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 4, 5, 14 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

CONTACT INFORAMTION

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Barry Choobin whose telephone number is 571-272-7447. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30 AM to 18:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, WU JINGGE can be reached on 571-272-7429. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Barry Choobin

10/27/05